

GYMNOCLADUS CHINENSIS. 27709. From Hankow, China. Presented by Mr. A. Sugden. "Used for washing the hands, as it is scented; soap made by pounding the pod; seed used much as we use blue." (Sugden.) For distribution later.

HALIMODENDRON HALODENDRON. 27668. From Tiflis, Caucasus. A very spiny shrub, a native of the Caucasus. Apparently very drought resistant. An ornamental garden shrub and hedge plant. (Meyer's introduction.)

INODES SP. 27342. From Souchoum Kale, Caucasus. A low-growing sabal, for planting along driveways or paths in orchards where tall plants are not wanted. The climate is mild enough here to grow oranges and other citrus fruits. (Meyer's introduction.)

JUNIPERUS COMMUNIS. 27673. From Tiflis, Caucasus. This well known shrub, occasionally growing into a small tree, occurs in many places in the Caucasus and is recommended as an ornamental evergreen in semi-arid sections. **JUNIPERUS FOETIDISSIMA.** 27671. From Tiflis, Caucasus. A tall tree occurring in dry places. Of value as an ornamental and timber tree in dry regions where fairly mild winters prevail. (Meyer's introductions.)

LAGENARIA VULGARIS. 27712. From Hankow, China. Presented by Mr. A. Sugden. "Small, yellow gourd which hangs on the plant all winter; has a fluffy white flower." (Sugden.) For distribution later.

LAUROCERASUS OFFICINALIS. 27684. From Tiflis, Caucasus. A variety of laurel-cherry coming from the higher mountains of the Caucasus. Able to stand a temperature of 10° below zero. Of rather slow growth and of low, spreading habit. (Meyer's introduction.)

LOLIUM MULTIFLORUM. 27435. Italian rye grass from Mr. Jose D. Husbands, Limavida, Chile. "Best all around wild pasture grass. May be classed as equal to timothy; an annual." (Husbands.) For distribution later.

MALUS SP. 27769. From Tiflis, Caucasus. A native Caucasian variety of winter apple, excellent for keeping and shipping. (Meyer's introduction.)

MEDICAGO ARABICA. 27675. From Souchoum Kale, Caucasus. This was picked out of No. 27343. See this number for description. (Meyer's introduction.)